

FOLKS!

ACTION: Please share the below facts with your community members now! Later, we'll ask you to alert legislators.

FACTS: SB 9 allows 6 units without public input where 1 singlefamily home now stands. It ends single-family zoning statewide, overriding city powers.

SB 9, a return of the divisive SB 1120 which died in Sacramento in 2020, is soon heading to hearings before the legislature.

SB 9 is not, as misreported by media outlets, a "duplex" bill. It is a radical density experiment, unheard of in the U.S. Oregon is about to launch its experiment with duplexes on single-family lots. SB 9 allows *three times that level of density* on your streets.

In 2020, even the respected League of Cities misunderstood SB 1120, not realizing the fine print allows 6-unit density without hearings. Now some legislators are waking up to its copycat, SB 9.

SB 9 lets developers choose from 3 upzoning scenarios, without public hearing or public review:

- 4 stand-alone houses or 2 duplexes where 1 home stands now;
- 6 units, a mix of houses, duplexes and granny flats, where 1 home stands now;
- 8 units, a mix of houses, duplexes and granny flats *unless a city rejects that plan*

How can this possibly fit on a lot?

- SB 9 works hand-in-hand with existing ADU law, or Accessory Dwelling Unit law, to quickly multiply upward from a simple "duplex" to 6 units, and even 8 units;
- No garage required, just 1 parking "space" per unit, to squeeze in extreme density;
- No parking required within ½ mile of major transit, or in a designated historic district, or when the Accessory Dwelling Unit is part of another building;
- No yard required, just 4-foot setbacks, crowding up against neighbors;
- SB 9 allows speculators to create this density on lots as small as 1,200 sq. feet;

Whether poor, working-class or well-off, from South L.A. to Santa Barbara to Oakland, homeowners would lose all say over the zoning of the street they put their savings into.

Top scholars agree that such state-ordered upzoning will drive land costs very high, and in turn housing costs will spiral upward, not down.

Please see below if you wish to understand the complex "Three Scenarios" mechanisms of SB 9, missed even by the League of Cities, and missed by California's largest media outlets\* in 2020 when this bill was titled SB 1120 — and died on the Assembly floor.

#### **SB** 9's Three Scenarios

Analysis by Livable California Volunteer Attorneys and Urban Planners Lead author: Retired attorney Nick Waranoff

### December 2020

SB 9 would allow 8 units where there is now one lot (one parcel). A city, however, would not be required to approve more than 6 units. Here is how this would happen:

**1. SB 9 would add Govt Code section 65852.21**(allowing 2 units on a single parcel in a single-family residential zone [the so-called "duplex" provision, but in reality a "two residential units" provision]) and Govt Code 66411.7 (the lot-split provision).

a.) The two residential units on one parcel provision authorizes two residential units on a single lot in a single-family residential zone.

b.) The lot-split provision authorizes a single lot to be split into two lots of equal size.

c.) An application to do either or both of these is processed ministerially, by right.

d.) There is no requirement for affordable housing and no CEQA review.

#### 2. Under existing law, there is also a right to one Accessory Dwelling Unit and one Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit per parcel (Govt Code 65852.2).

**a.)** An Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) can be attached, or detached from an existing home, or a conversion of an existing space such as a garage. A local agency is prohibited from establishing a maximum size of an ADU of less than 850 square feet, or 1,000 square feet if the ADU contains more than one bedroom. When ADUs are created through the conversion of a garage, carport or covered parking structure, replacement off-street parking spaces cannot be required by the local agency (Gov. Code 65852.2, subd. (a)(1)(D)(xi)).

**b.)** A Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit (JADU) can be created within the walls of a proposed or existing single-family residence or garage and shall contain no more than 500 square feet.

**c.)** A local agency can limit the places within its jurisdiction where ADUs can be located, only based on the adequacy of water and sewer service, and the impacts on traffic flow and public safety, if the agency chooses to pass an ordinance.

d.) "Although cities and counties are mandated to permit ADUs and JADUs, they are not required to adopt ADU and JADU ordinances. However, any city/county that does adopt an ADU ordinance, must submit the ordinance to HCD [California Dept. of Housing and Community Development] within 60 days."

**e.)** There is no requirement that an ADU or a JADU be limited to affordable housing.

# 3. Under SB 9, three allowed densities, of 4 units to 8 units would be allowed on what is one lot today. The three scenarios are:

a.) Scenario One (4-unit density): The "two residential units" provision of SB 9 (sometimes mistakenly called the "duplex" provision, but not limited to "duplexes") is invoked but not the lot-split provision: The single lot can now have two free-standing houses, two townhouses, or a duplex. There is no requirement as to whether the two residential units be a "duplex," or attached to each other, or free-standing. In addition, an ADU and a JADU are allowed as of right on the parcel. Total 4 units: "Two residential units" plus an ADU and a JADU on a single lot.

**b.)** Scenario Two (6-unit density): The lot-split provision of SB 9 is invoked, but not the "two residential units" provision allowed on each of the two new lots. One lot becomes two lots. Each lot can have one free-standing house or townhouse, PLUS an ADU and a JADU. Total 6 units: "Two residential units" plus two ADUs and two JADUs, on a single lot that has been halved into two lots.

**c.)** Scenario Three (8-unit density): Both the lot-split provision and the "two residential units" provision are invoked. One lot becomes two lots. Each lot can have two free-standing houses or townhouses, PLUS each lot is entitled to an ADU and a JADU. Total 8 units: Four

"residential units" plus two ADUs and two JADUs, on a single lot that has been halved into two lots.

## Note regarding Scenario Three:

Under SB 9, a city is not *required* to approve an ADU or a JADU where **both** the lot-split provision and "two residential units" provision are invoked. So a city could limit the eight-unit scenario to four housing units on what was formerly one parcel (one lot). See proposed section 65852.21(e), part of the "two residential units" provision, that would provide, "Notwithstanding Section 65852.2 [the existing ADU law referenced above], a local agency shall not be required to permit an accessory dwelling unit on parcels that use both the authority contained within this section [the two residential units section] and the authority contained in Section 66411.7 [the lot-split section]" and proposed section 66411.7(h), part of the proposed splitlot section, that would provide, "Notwithstanding Section 65852.2 [the existing ADU law], a local agency shall not be required to permit an accessory dwelling unit on parcels that use both the authority contained within this section and the authority contained in Section 65852.21 [the two residential units section].

\*<u>The Los Angeles Times, San Francisco Chronicle, San Diego Union-</u> <u>Tribune, Cal Matters, and other media did not understand the fine</u> print in SB 1120 before publishing "duplex" stories in 2020 that dramatically downplayed this radical experiment, underway nowhere in the U.S.

# We are small fry, fighting huge forces. <u>Please DONATE HERE</u> to Livable California, now. We thank you!

Livable California is a non-profit statewide group of community leaders, activists and local elected officials. We believe in local answers to the housing affordability crisis. Our robust fight requires trips to Sacramento & a lobbyist going toe-to-toe with power. <u>Please donate generously</u> to LivableCalifornia.org here.

Livable California 2940 16th Street Suite 200-1 San Francisco, CA 94103 United States